NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY JUNE 8, 1887.

MR. GLADSTONE'S OVERTURES COLDLY BECEIVED BY LORD HARTINGTON AND HIS FOLLOWERS. _

DISTRESSING WORK AT BODYKE-CRITICISING THE POST OFFICE-MR. LUCY'S RESIGNATION-CRITICAL CONDITION OF THE CROWN PRINCE-MR ISMAY'S SPLENDID JU-BILEE GIFT-MISS DETCH-ON'S SUCCESS. \$BY CABLE TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Copyright ; 1887 : North American Cable Neces Co. LONDON, June 7 .- Mr. Gladstone has made fresh efforts to come to terms with two classes of his opponents; those who are against his general scheme of Home Rule, and those who accept the general scheme but condemn the exclusion of the Irish from Westminster. It's overtures to the former have been very coldly received. He invites Lord Hartington to a conference but lays down no basis of negotiation, offers no concessions, and accepts none of the conditions which Lord Hartington has repeatedly defined as essential modifications of the present scheme. Neither Lord Hartington nor any other Liberal Unionist seems to think a conference thus initiated could come to anything. Mr. Gladstone's second attempt is more successful. Advocates of continued Irish representation at Westminster hail his speech as a pledge that the Irish shall not be excluded. Mr. Gladstone's language will bear that interpretation. But it is very far from being an express pledge. It may mean something very different. There are two leading proposals: One to let the Irish remain for the present, reserving the right to exclude them finally, and the other to exclude them for the present, reserving the right to readmit them later, either for all purposes or for Imperial purposes only. The Swansea statement is consistent with either. However, it is precise enough to satisfy the scruples of those who wish to be satisfied and has done something to prevent a possible breach in the ranks of the Liberal Home Kulers. The Welsh reception of the Grand Old Man was of the most enthusiastic kind. Nothing was left undone that could testify to the respect and affection of the Welsh masses for the Liberal teader. His host, Sir Hussey Vivian, has been a Liberal Unionist, but his reconversion to the tiladstonian faith is supposed now to be complete.

The Bodyke evictions continue. Four were carried out yesterday against the poorest tenants on Mr. O'Calla han's property. Resistance took the form of barricades, boiling water and pitchtorks. The troops and police under Colonel Turner's command execute their orders amid scenes haif tragic, half ludicrous. The English Members of Parliament have disappeared. Mr. Cox and Mr. Davitt remain, organizing opposition and haranguing the people. Mr. Davitt has refused to retract or modify what he said last week in tavor of armed resistance to the law. He is now reported as saying he thinks the Unionist Goverament is in for five years, and that the Irish who believed Home Rule near have been living in a tool's paradise. He repeated his defiance of the tiovernment, described the police as uniformed scoundrels, and declared himself ready to go to prison for another five years. Mr. Lawson, M. P., who has returned to London, expressed the belief that if the English people could witness the Bodyke proceedings they would stop evictions

"The Times" appears to-day as an illustrated paper, devoting an entire page to a reprint of a tacsimile receipts from Mr. Egan and others for money collected by Mr. Ford. "The Times" regards this as proof of the indivisible character of the whole Irish movement, and that the men who the Parnellites also pay the dynamiters and urderers. But there is absolutely nothing new in this expose; nothing which Mr. Ford himself was not willing to give to the world.

The House of Commons reassembled yesterday, less than 200 members being present. The sitting was almost wholly devoted to getting votes for the Post Office, Army and Navy, in Committee of Supply. The Postmaster-General spent an unhappy hour under a fire of criticism, questions and com-The recent ouarrel between Mr. Rarkes and Mr. Blackwood obviously Mr. Raikes would remains unsettled. say nothing in defence of Mr. Blackwood against Henniker-Heaton's attack. Finance was discussed, with the usual result of showing what bad barcains the Post Office had made in the past and what good ones they hoped to make in the future. It is a fact, admitted by Mr. Raikes, that though the gross revenue of the Post Office increases, the cost of the service mereases faster still. Sixpenny telegrams during the ten mouths ending with January show an increase of 49 per cent, yet it is impossible to say whether the new system pays

Mr. Lucy has written and published a letter to Mr. Russell, M. P., Editor of "The Laverpool Daily Post," giving his own version of the reasons which have induced him to resign the editorship of "The Daily News." "From the day I first sat in the Editor's chair," says Mr. Lucy, hankered after my box in the House of Commons; and now I am going back to it. That is all." I do not think that is quite all. Mr. Lucy is understood to have been Mr. Labouchere's appointment. Mr. Labouchere's idea was that a man with a very remarkable gift of seeing the ludicrous side of things would be for that reason a suitable director of a great political journal. Experience has shown the contrary. Mr. Lucy's brilliant abilities lie in another direction, and he in conjunction with the proprietors has seen this. It would be idle to say his editorship has been a success. But he retires with all the honors of war and without a quarrel, and resumes his old post, which he filled with signal advantage to the paper. Reports respecting Mr. Lucy's successor vary. The general belief in the newspaper world is that Mr. Robinson is extending his authority, which for many years has been supreme in news and bus-iness matters. Mr. Labouchere's influas a large proprietor is to political ends. Mr. T. P. O'Connor, M. P., is now said to be the chief editorial writer on Irish subjects, a post he is likely to retain and in which he has a pretty free hand. The rumor to-day is that Mr. John Morley will become political director, but that would involve either a de-parture from all precedent or Mr. Morley's retirement from Cabinet rank. As there is no immediate likelihood of his being called on to take office, he might edit "The Daily News" ad interim. Journalism and Home Rule would alike be gainers.

Dr. Morell Mackenzie has gone to Berlin to decide once for all whether the Crown Prince can come to England for the Jubilee. He will perform a second eperation which will be very far from being the last, the growth in the Prince's throat being one which English medical science prefers to extract piecemeal in order to avoid the risk of that single operation the German surgeons were ready to undertake. The Crown Prince's condition must continue for some time critical.

It has been reserved for a Livship-owner to make the most deadid Jubilee gift yet on record. Mr. T. H. Ismay offers the Mayor of Liverpool \$100,000 to establish a fund for the support of old Liverpool sailors on a home pension of \$100 each. Others may add to thusamount if they like, but Mr. Ismay gives outright. His name is perhaps best known in America in connection with the White Star Line. He stands not less high in Liverpool as a railway director, being one of the leading spirits of the great London and Northwestern Company.

Miss Adelaide Detchon, efter a very successful tour in the provinces, began her London season at Princess Hall on Saturday evening under the management of Mr. H. J. Sargent, "She has," says "The Globe" considerable dra-matic perception and a clear, resonant

voice, which she manages with skill. Her gestures and poses are full of grace and meaning, though obviously studied. She performs amid charming surroundings of draperies, furniture, flowers and fairy lights, and altogether supplies an entertainment which has both freshness and refinement." This but confirms the verdict long since passed on Miss Detchon in private. She has often been heard in London drawing-rooms and much admired.

ADVANCING THE COERCION BILL. MOVING OBSTACLES.

LONDON, June 7 .- In the House of Commons to day W. H. Smith, the Government leader, said he hoped the papers in relation to the new Egyptian convention would be issued by the Government in a few days. Mr. Smith also stated that the negotiations with France concerning the New Hebrides question were still in progress. The delay, he said, was not the

Arthur Baltour, Chief Secretary for Ireland, in reply to a question by Mr. Dillon regarding the employment of gunbonts to assist in the evictions on Clare Island, declared that the Government would not hesi-tate to employ any of the forces at its disposal to

execute the decrees of the law courts.

W. H. Smith, in reply to a question by Mr. Robertson, stated that the Government was unable to inform the House what measures besides the Crimes act it would proceed with. The progress made with that bill was not sufficient to enable him to anticipate when the measure would pass the House. Possibly it might be his duty, but he hoped it would not, to take measures

measure would pass the House. Possibly it higher to his duty, but he hoped it would not, to take measures to expediate public tousiness. He rejused to disclose the nature of the measures. He rejused to disclose the nature of the measure.

Mr. O'Doherty having moved an amendment to the Crimes bill, Mr. Parnell interposed, saying that owing to the advanced stage of the session and the large number of important matters that had not yet been debated, he would suggest that his friends move only such amendments as they regarded as indispensable. It was obvious, he added, that the time would not permit a discussion of the smaller points. Mr. O'Doherty thereupon withdrew his amendment.

The next five amendments on the paper, in the names of Parnellites, were not moved. An amendment to exclude cases of treason-ielony from trial by special juries was defeated by a vote of 107 to 180.

Several more amendments were rejected, the last with the aid of clotter, the vote being 229 to 98.

Arr. Smith's mendments is be discussed before he could put Mr. Smith's motion. Three further amendments were put and rejected, and Mr. Smith's motion was then carried—211 to 83.

"PARNELLISM AND CRIME."

"PARNELLISM AND CRIME." SOMETHING HAS MADE "THE LONDON TIMES" EX-

CEEDINGLY ANGRY. LONDON, June 7 .- The Times this morning publishes another instalment of its "Parnellism and Crime articles. Opposite its leader page it prints a fac-simile of the tenth page of The Irish World, of New-York, of February 16, 1884, and also the greater portion of Patrick Ford's address published in the same issue. The publications are accompanied by an explanatory article describing the various funds mentioned and the fate of the men connected therewith. In an editorial on the subject The Times says:

subject The Times says:

The whole conspiracy, whether carried on by mea mouthed gettlemen who sit at London dinner tables, or friends who organize arson and murder, is one and individual, it is paid out of the same purse, worked by the same, directed to the same ends and inspired by a men, directed to the same ends and inspired by a universal hatred of England and a determination to briabout, if possible, a complete separation between England Ireland. Whether the money goes to support the stownars in Parliament or to equip desperadoes for the contraction.

POURING FORTH SMOKE, FIRE AND LAVA-THE

Tucson, A. T., June 7 .- A dispatch from Hermosillo says the explorers sent out by Governor Torres to ascertain the existence of the volcanos reported near pege of Mr. Patrick Ford's "Irish World," with Bavispe, Sonora, have returned. They report an in the Sierra Madre Mountains. The party could not The crater was pouring out an immense volume of smoke, fire and lava, and boiling water was issuing from the side of the mountain. The lava in vast waves was slowly pouring down the mountain into the canons, which are being filled. Boiling water has destroyed all vectation in the valleys in the vicinity. Boiliders weighing tons are harded down from the crater weighing tons are harded down

miles of the mountain owing to the great chasms made by the earthquake, and all the roads and trails are totally wiped out. The country is fearfully broken up. The entire surface of the earth presents a weekgong apparance, and not a bird or living

CHALLENGING HIS OPPONENTS. GREAT CROWDS TO SEE MR. GLADSTONE ON HIS HOMEWARD JOURNEY.

June 7.-Mr. Gladstone arrived at Dollis Hill Newport, Goucester and Swindon, principally on the Irish question. He attributed the delays in the House of Commons to the pugnacity of Mr. Hallour. At Newport Mr. Gindstone addressed an enormou-crowd. He challenged the Government to facilitate the passage of the Coercion bill by giving Irish combinations the same protection as British combina-tions and abandoning the insulting proposal of per-

tions and abandoning the insulting proposal of permanent coercion.

Mr. Gladstone's next stop was made at Swindon. In his speech here he invited his opponents to follow the example of Wellington and Disraell and themselves propose what the country wanted. If they did this Mr. Gladstone promised that they would receive the support of the Liberals.

Intense head has prevailed so far during the homeward journey, and many persons fainted in the crustos at the various stations where the train stopped.

DAVITT'S COURSE NOT WISE. THE NATIONAL LEAGUE IMPLORES TENANTS TO

REFRAIN FROM VIOLENCE. DUBLIN, June 7 .- At the regular fortnightly meeting of the National League to-day the consensus of opinion advising the tenants to resist eviction by every means in their power was not wise.

Timothy Harrington announced that the Organizing Council would implore the tenants not to allow anything to drive them to violence, which would be to play into the enemy's hands.

EVICTIONS THROUGH A HOLE IN THE WALL. Duntin, June 7 .- The evictions at Bodyke were continued to-day. Tenant McNamara, who was behind in his rent, defended his house, but the bailiffs broke policeman who was holding the Colonel's umbrella dashed through the opening made by the basilify and other officers followed him. A fight ensued and the tenants were evicted and afterward arrested. The balliffs charge the tenants with having thrown vitriol upon them, but this is denied. A tenant mamed Murphy made a similar resistance against eviction from his holding. thrown through the hole at the evicting force.

NEWS NOTES FROM LONDON.

THE THISTLE.—The yacht Thistle has gone to Liver-

"THE DAILY NEWS."—John Morley will become politi-cal director of *The Daily News* and will contribute the leading articles. Mr. Lucy writes that he has resigned the editorship of *The News* and will return to his post in the gallery of the House of Commons.

THE JUBILEE YACHT RACK.—The following yachts have been entered for the Jubilee yacht race: Aline, Sleuth-hound, Dawn, Dauntless, Genesis, Auemone, Mabel, Valauvent, Atlantis, Gwendolin, Ericesmuld and Helene. The course of the Jubilee race will be around Great Bri-

WILL OF MRS. HENRY WOOD.—The will of Mrs. Henry Will. OF MRS. HENRY WOOD.—The will of Mrs. Henry Wood, the author, has been proved. She gives \$180,000 in equal shares to her children. Her son is appointed her literary executor, and is given discretion to control the publication or republication of her writings. Her copyrights and manuscripts will not be sold.

APPROVING MR. O'BRIEM'S COURSE. DUBLIN, June 7.-At a meeting of the National League to-day Mr. Clancey congratulated William O'Brien on the success of his mission to Canada and denounced the flip paut language of Lord Lansdowne, which, he said, had pant language on Editor O'Brien. A resolution of the Executive Committee Indorsing Mr. O'Brien's action in regard to the labor meeting in New-York last Saturday might was read and approved.

TIPPOO TIB AS A SLAVE DEALER. Lisson, June 7.—In Parliament recently an ex-Minister of Marine urged Foreign Minister Gomes to arrive at ome understanding with the Powers that signed the act at the Berlin Conference recognizing the Congo Free State to compel the latter to explain its appointment of Tippoo Tib, a slave dealer, as its agent, and referred to Tippeo Tib's participation in Henry M. Stanley's philan-

thropic enterprise as scandalous. Several members of Parliament declared that Tippoo Tib intended, with the countrance of the Congo Free State, and even of Mr. Stanley himself, to continue the slave trade on the West-ern side of Africa. The Congo Free State Administration has already taken steps to refute the charges referred to.

ON THE FIELD OF HONOR. DUEL BETWEEN A LAW-MAKER AND AN EDITOR-

CLEMENCKAU A SECOND. PARIS, June 7.—M. Arene, a member of the Chamber of Deputies, challenged M. Mayer, editor of La Lanterne, for an attack through the columns of that paper on the Corsicans. M. Meyer accepted the challenge and the duel was fought to day. M M. Clemen ceau and Lockroy acted as seconds for M. Maser, and M. Reinach, editor of La Republique, and Deputy Merilon appeared in the same capacity for M. Arene. Swords were the weapons used. M. Mayer was slightly wounded in the hand and arm.

ADOPTING GLADSTONIAN TACTICS.

LONDON, June 7 .- Mr. Parnell's conference with Mr. Morley and Sir Charles Russell resulted in the adoption by the Irish leader of the Gladstonian tactics of opposi-The Gladstonian leaders will meet to-morrow or Thursday and go carefully over the amendments to the Crimes bill and expunge all that are redundant. The Government will for the present continue the method of closure adopted prior to the holidays.

METHODS OF CHICAGO "BOODLERS."

TESTIMONY AT THE TRIAL OF "NIC" SCHNEIDER-SECURING A COAL CONTRACT.

CHICAGO, June 7 (Special) .- In the McGarigle-Mc-Donald conspiracy case to-day one of the witnesse was George Schneider, brother of the notorious " Nic. When the latter was arrested the witness went to Mc Donald and said: "My brother is in a bad scrape."

"No, he is not," said McDonald. "We'll get him this. We will get a good lawyer and a writ of habeas corpus. We have more money in a minute than those people (meationing the Citizen's Associa-tion, I think) can show at any time, We'll get a lawyer that can do more in a minute than Grinnell and those fellows on the North Siue can do in a

Some interesting testimony was also given by Mr. Some interesting testimony was also given by air.
Abbott, the Chicago agent of the Columbus and Hocking Valley Coal and Iron Company. The substance of his story was that he wanted the coal contract for the county. He was waited upon by mcDonaid and McGarigle and the matter was talked over. McGarigle said: "We must have \$11,000 for it. You must bring the mency to me at the hospital. I will not come for it." The \$11,000 was taken to the hospital was taken to the hospital to McGarigle and the contract was awarded. and paid to McGarigle and the contract was awarded to Abbott. McGarigle subsequently said to Abbott that individually he did not get a cent in this trans-

HIS ACTION AT ST. LOUIS INDORSED BY HIS COM-

RADES IN IOWA-WHAT THE GENERAL SAYS. ent No. 8, of the Union Veteran Legion, held at Coun cil Bluffs, Iowa, last night, resolutions were unanimously St. Louis in regard to the President proposed visit to that city while the Grand Army was encamped there.

A Des Moines, Iowa, dispatch says: "General Tuttle has returned from 8t Louis, where want to secure headquarters for mmand during the proposed encampment. To say Southern Democrats had captured the whole business for Cleveland and the Grand Army boys were to do escort duty on the occasion. Said he: "I did not hesieveland mass-meeting, with a long set of Cleveland solutions, unanimously adopted by the outsiders who suld flock in. I don't believe the lowa boys are fools ough to walk into that trap, and I hope no others will."

BOLT-OTHER DAMAGE BY STORM.
St. Louis, June, 7.—A dispatch from Brownsville,
fexas, says: "On Sunday about 4 o'clock in the morn g a thunderbolt struck a house at Chatones Rauch, killtales and his wife were killed outright. Eugene Pincone and wife were stunned and when brought to were each blindin the right eye. Two boys, sons of Pincones, were

CHICAGO, June 7.-A dispatch from Pekin, Ill., says: A water spout burst over Pekin yesterday and the flood of water was damaging to the streets and fences. Oats and wheat are said to have been badly bat ered down in some parts of the county."

DETROIT, June 7.—For several years Noble & Clark, a Canadian firm, have controlled the Georgian Ray whitefish catch. At the suggestion of some Canadian fishermen Davis & Co., of this city, employed an agent at French River, in Georgian Bay, and contracted with the owners of six fishing smacks to buy, their entire season's catch. A small steamer owned by Davis & Co. made poriodical trips from Alpena, Mich., to French River to bring back the fish which were regularly bought and made and last Thursday Customs Inspector Frazer, of made and last Thursday Customs Inspector Frazer, of Victoria harbor, seized the six boats and four tons of fish which had just been put on the steamer for shipment to Alpena. The agent offered to give bonds for the removal of the fish. Frazer refused to accept the bonds and declined to show his authority for the seizure, and on the following day the fish were sold to one Anderson. Davis & Co. claim that they had fulfilled the requirements of the Camadian law and were merely exercising the right of purchase. If restress cannot be obtained from the Government the firm will appeal to the courts.

AMENDING THE MASSACHUSETTS SUNDAY LAW. Boston, June 7 (Special).—The two branches of the Legislature having agreed on amendments to the Sunday law, the following is the form in which it will reach Gov-

law, the following is the form in which it will reach Governor Ames for approval:

Section 1 of Chapter 98 of the Public Statates is hereby amended by striking out in third line thereof the words "or upon the evening neat preceding the Lord's day."

Section 2 of said chapter is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "But nothing in this section shall be held to prohibit the manufacture and distribution of steam, gas or electricity for illuminating purposes, heat or motive power, or the distribution of water for fire or domestic purposes nor the use of the telegraph or the telephone, nor the retail sale of drugs and medicines, nor articles ordered by the prescription of a physician, nor mechanical appliances used by physicians or surgeons, nor the letting of horses and carriages, nor the letting of yachts and boats, nor the running of steam ferry boats on established routes, of street railway cars, nor the preparation, printing and publishing or newspapers, nor the insale and delivery of newspapers, nor the livetal sale and delivery of milk, nor the transportation of milk, nor the making of buttler and cheese, nor the making and selling by bakers and their employees of bread, or other food usually dealt in by them before 10 of the clock in the morning and between the hours of 4 of the chock and half-past 6 of the clock in the attenoon.

Several sections which would clash with the foregoing

SINKING OF A STEAMER AT BLOCK ISLAND. PROVIDENCE, R. J., June 7.—The steamer Achilles, Captain Warrington, from Philadelphia for Newburyport with 1,627 tons of coal, went on the southwest shore of Block Island at 9:30 o'clock last night and filled and sunk in ten minutes. She lies on the rocky bottom in a dan-gerous position. The crew were saved.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

OLD COLONY STEAMBOAT DIRECTORS.
BOSTON, June 7.—The annual meeting of the stockholder of the Old Colony Steamship Company this morning electer the following directors: Charles F. Choate, Frederick L. Ames, Cornelina N. Biliss, Thomas J. Borden, John S. Brud, Leander N. Wells, Silas Pierce, William J. Roth and

Nathaniel Thayer.

PAYING \$1,000,000 FOR A TRACT OF LAND.

St. Lottis, June 7 (Special).—The Trier tract, a valuable note of unimproved real setate within the western city miles with a frontage of 4,205 feet on Tower Grove Park was purchased by Samuel Scott for \$1,000,000. Scott regions a Kanzas City syndicate which has been booming NEW-HAMPSHIRE LEGISLATION.

CONCOMD, June 7.—In the House to-day a bill was rwice and referred, providing for the calling of a Constitutional Convention. Belegates will be chosen at a speciection to be held November 8 and the convention will m Concord on the first Wednesday of December. AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION IN SESSION.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL DILL SWORN IN. PHILADELPHIA, June 7 (Special), Judge Butler, in United States District Court this morning, administered oath of office to Amerow H. Dill, the new United States, shal for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, Mr. D bondsmen are William M. Singerly, of The Eccord, and J

IN THE GRANITE STATE.

THE SENATORIAL STRUGGLE AT CONCORD.

MR. CHANDLER LEADING IN THE RACE-WHAT MR. ROLLINS SAYS. IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE 1

CONCORD, N. H. June 7. - The Republican members of the Legislature held a conference to-night to discuss the advisability of electing at this time a Senator for the the vacancy_now existing caused by the death of senator Pike. The weight of the argument was against the election of a Senator for the long term. The fact that a large number of Republicans hold that it would be unwise, if not illegal, to elect now for the long term, and the additional fact that on grounds of party expediency the Democrats will all oppose the long term election, make it highly probable that only a Senator for the short term will be chosen now. The conference to-night was for discussion and not for decision. This question is mixed up with the canvass for the reason that Mr. Chandler, who is the leading Republican candidate, has always opposed the cho of a Senator in this way. He was a member of the Legislature in 1881 when Mr. Rollins announced himself a candidate for the term beginning March 4 Mr. Chandler opposed that course then. The was Secretary of the Navy, and the Legislature voted not to choose a Senator that year for the term be-ginning in 1885. Hence Mr. Chandler is committed the election of two Senators now, but the large ma-jority oppose it. Mr. E-Mins's friends think that it two Senators were chosen now he might get the short real ground for this agitation. Unless the result of a bolt there is hardly room for doubt that even if the would be chosen. There is really no organized op and ex-Senator Rollins. Ecth freely admit that Mr. Thursday. The Republican majority on joint balls: is 32. It only requires 16 Republicans to bolt the caucus to prevent Mr. Chandler's election. The work of his opponents is to secure that number. So far it does not appear that they have been able to do it. Here is what Mr. Rollins said to THE TRIBUSE

"Mr. Chandler will unden tedly be nominated by triends claim that it is all plain sailing for him, and be elected depends on the number of men in the Legislature who may follow his past teachings when he chose to disregard the caucus decision. He was in the Legislature in 1881, and though I was the nominee of the caucus he prevented my chection. Though not in the Legislature, his influence was effectively exerted to the same end in 1893. It is a question now as to how many kepublicans will follow his past teachings. I have always been a straight-out party man and I never botted a caucus. I would not oppose Mr. Chandler now if his election would not be construed as a vindication of his past course. If he would make a proper apology for the wrong he did me I would support I im now. But after standing by the pasty for thirty years and I to be stricken down to do honor to the man who led a bold. I don't say I am a candidate. I may not be one. I may not care about going to congress. I spent six years in the House and six years in the Senate and they were years of very hard work. I have no desire to take up the burden again, but I have no desire to take up the chirchery shall not be rewarded."

RAILEOAD INTERESTS.

THE PENNSYLVANIA'S ROUTE TO ST. LOUIS. Louis was that the Vamialia should make a fill embrac these triffing matters. In regard to the Pennsylvania Company, the Vandalia people express the belief that the Cincinnatt, Hamilton and Dayton syndicate has the traffic arrangements will be continued as before. A the traffic arrangements will be continued as before. A contract is said to have been entered into, by which ampie provision was made for any contingency. The general Impression among railread men is that the Baltimore and Ohlo is preminently in the background, and that the future of the Pennsylvania, as recards st. Louis, hinges largely on the concessions this company is willing to make the Baltimore and Ohlo in the natter of the latter's New-York and Philadelphia connection, should the Pennsylvania's connection with the Vandalia be actually severed, the former's means of reaching this city other than by the construction of an independent line are not inviting.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 7 (Specials,—The Pennsylvania

INDIANAPOLIS, June 7 (Special),-The Pennsylvania railway officials here deny that the Vandalia has passed from the control of their company. It is stated that the case of the Vandalia to the Terre Haute and Indianapo lis provides that the Terre Haute and Indianapolis shall operate the Vandalia jointly in the interest of the Terre operate the Vandalia Jointly in the interest of the Ferre Haute and Indianapolis and the Pennsylvania company. It also stipulates that the Terre Haute and Indianapolis shull not make a lower rate over the Vandalia to any road than to the Pennsylvania. The first violation of these terms, it is said, will call forth legal action on the part of the Pennsylvania for the abrogation of the lease of the Vandalia to the Terre Haute and Indianapolis.

READING RECEIVERS PETITION GRANTED. PHILADELPHIA, June 7.—The petition of the receiv of the Philadelphia and Reading Entirond Company, ask ing authority to make arrangements with the reorganiza tion trustees, so that moneys in the hands of the trustees may be applied to taking up \$2,000,000 of six per cent and \$834,671 16 of four per cent outstanding receiver's and \$834,671 16 of four per cent outstanding receiver's certificates, was to-day approved by Judge Butler in the United States Circuit Court. The \$2,000,000 receiver's certificates were issued under the order of the Court of June 17, 1884, and the four per cents were authorized to be issued for materials and supplies after April 1, of the same year. In behalf of the receivers it was stated that the certificates are to be called in after Monday next, thereby saving the further payment of interest on them, but the approval of the Court was desired.

MISCELLANEOUS RAILWAY INTELLIGENCE. The directors of the Richmond and West Point Terminal Railway Company at a meeting yesterday declared a

CHICAGO, June 7.-Justice Harian, of the Suprem motions in the lake front case against the Illinois Central Railroad necessary to be disposed of before the case can come to final trial, and announced a postponement until June 17. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 7.-A certificate of consolida-

tion was recorded at the office of the Secretary of State to-day by the officers of the New-York, Wheeling, St. Louis and Chicago Railway Company, of Ohio, and the New-York, Whe ling and St. Louis and Chicago Railway Con hora, was anig and St. Lonis and Chicago Rallway Company, of Illinois, for the purpose of forming one corporation for the operation of a railroad from Wheeling, W. Va., to East St. Louis, Iil., and from Lancaster, Ohio, to Fort Wayne, Ind., under the name of the New-York, Wheeling, St. Louis and the sao Rallway Company. The capital stock is to be \$14,000,000.

Personnel of the New York, Wheeling, June 7.—The appendix of the Day

Pririshtro, June 7.-The annual meeting of the Peunsylvania Company operating lines west of Pittsburg was held to-day and the following directors elected: G. H. Roberts, H. H. Houston, Wistar P. Morris, Edmund Smith, H. D. Welsh, J. N. DuBarry, J. P. Wetherill, A. J. Smith, H. D. Weish, J. N. Phibarry, J. F. Weinerth, A. J. Cassatt, John P. Green and W. H. Barnes, of Philadelphia: J. N. McCallouth, William Thaw and Thomas D. Missier, of Pittsburg. The increase in freight was 5,661,034 tons, with a revenue increase of \$3,026,269 30, Passenger trailly increased \$76,406, which represents an increase in revenue of \$237,071 93.

Sr. Louis, June 7.—The Parchasing Committee of the Waltack Paul has a green on the lit will protest in court

Wabash Road has announced that it will protest in court against the payment of the big fees recently allowed the

Pacific roads had a pitched battle in the Railroad Committee of the Rouse of Commons to-day. The Canadian Pacific Company sought to get a charter to build a line

from Lachine Bridge to Dundee, there to connect with the American system. The committee threw out the bill by a vote of 49 to 40, on the ground that the Grand Trunk had already obtained a charter over the same

New-Haven, June 7 .- When the New-York and New-Haven Railroad Company bid \$300,000 for the city's in-terest in the Derby road it intimated that if the offer was not accepted a parallel line would be built so as to turn the bulk of the Naugatuck Valley trade into New-Haven Speaking of this matter to-day. Vice-President Reed said:
"The plan is a feasible one, and if we do not obtain possession of the Derby road it will be carried out. The
route of the proposed railroad, which will connect with
the Naugatuck hear Derby and with the Consolidated a
short distance below West Haven, has been aureyed."

FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION.

ONE MAN KILLED AND TWELVE INJURED. THE STATION AT CHESTER, PENN., DEMOLISHED-

LIST OF THE CASUALTIES. BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. PHILADELPHIA, June 7 .- A dispatch from Chester, Penn states that the boiler of a locomotive of a freight engine on the Baltimore and Ohio Railway exploded this morning, resulting in the killing and wounding of thirteen men. The station at Chester was com-pletely demolished, being leveled to the ground, and large bell was carried four squares by the force of the explosion. The utmost consternation and excitement prevailed among the people. The engineer escaped without injury and the fireman was slightly hurt. A group of painters who were at work upon the building were all injured, and a number of car-penters who were nearby at work at the time were all hurt by being either scalded or strick by flying missiles. Assistance was at once rendered by the neighboring people and the injured conveyed to the drug stores and houses nearby.

All trains were delayed for half an hour by

the obstructions on the tracks. The engine wa standing in front of the new station recently erected. and a number of people were inside and on the plat form awaiting their trains when the locomotive exploded. The explosion was what is known as a side one, something that rarely happens, most accidents of the kind being by the blowing out of the front or

The official list of casualties are:

Joseph W. Kane, a laboring man, was horribly scalled all over the body and died in a short time.

John Murphy, a telegraph operator, of this city, terribly scalded and hurt about the head, and may A. J. Benjamin, station agent, cut about the face and breast; injuries of a serious nature.

Allen Benjamin, son of the agent, hurt about the

c.corge Schofuld, foreman of the painters, burned and scalded very seriously.

H. T. Hiakely, foreman, of Baltimore, scalded on the back; not badly injured.
Lambert Potts, carpenter in Cecil County, Maryland, suffering from shock.

Mrs. William McDevitt, suffering from shock.

Mrs. James Strahan, cut on the head.

William Paul, hit on the side of the face.

Rachel Lewis, severe contusions of hip and general shock.

shock.
Samuel B. Clark, lacerated wound of scalp; bad general contusions and shock.
An unknown man from Maryland, about thirty years of age, received badly contused wonds of the scalp and general shock.

ACCIDENT TO A PASSENGER TRAIN.

SEVEN PERSONS REPORTED HURT-MEAGRE DETAILS OF THE OCCURRENCE.

SPRINGPIELD, Mass., June 7.—The passenger train going west from North Adams, leaving there at 8:17 to-night, met with an accident at Pownal Station, Vt. Reports of the accident are meagre, but seven persons are reported slightly injured. The last cars of the train ontained the Phillips excursion party from Boston to California. Physicians have gone to the scene in a

A NEGRO SHOT AT THE GALVESTON ELECTION. GALVESTON, June 7 (Special) .- The municipal elections for Mayor and Board of Aldermen were the most ex citing and interesting in the history of the city. chief interest centred in the contest for the Mayoralty, with four popular candidates in the sleld representing Roger L. Fulton, the present incumbent, stood as an independent candidate for re-election against J. H. dependent Democrat, and A. G. Malloy, Independent Republican. One disturbance occurred which resulted in the deputy sheriff's shooting a colored man, Arthur Sheperd, the ough the breast and arm. Infleting a dangerous wound. The count so far indicates the certain election of Fulton by a majority of three to dive hundred over Hawley, with McAlpinethiad, and Malloy fourth. Fulton was arriently supported to day by Wright Cuney, the well-known colored leader, who led the Blaine delegation from Texas to the Chicago Convention in 1884.

SEVENTEEN APACHES ON THE WARPATH. NOGALES, A. T., June 7 .- A dispatch left the reservation and gone on the warpath. No eason has been given for their action. It is stated that the Indians have killed one man near Calabass. The commander of the troops in this department has been ordered to take prompt steps for their return to the reservation.

MES HERMANN STILL CLINGS TO HER HUSBAND. PITISBURG, June 7 .- Frederick Hermann, the man who beat his wife almost to death and cut the throats of his child and himself, was removed to the West Penn Hospital, where his wounds were afterward dressed. He is still living and the physicians now have hopes of his recovery. Mrs. Hermann is also at the West Penn Hos-pital. She had not known of the murder of her child and her husband's condition until this morning. All night she had been lying, cut and bruised from her hus-band's assault of last evening, but when the time came for the removal of Hermann she got up, and with many protestations of love declared that she would not be separated from him. She accompanied him to the hespital, watching him as tenderly as if he had been the kindest husband in the world while the body of her murdered child was being prepared for build by the undertaker. Hermann has made a will bequeathing \$3,000, which he has on deposit, to the German Evangelical Lutheran Orphan Asylum, at Richmond, Indiana, and directing that his two sons be educated at that institution. for the removal of Hermann she got up, and with many

PREPARING TO LEAVE THE NORTH WOODS. PROSPECT HOUSE, N. Y., June 7.-The President will not his last day of fishing to-morrow. His arrangements for leaving the woods are completed and will be carried out on Thursday. On Thursday afternoon the party will be driven to Paul Smith's Station, by way of Paul Smith's Hotel, and at the station will find awaiting them smith's Hotel, and at the station will find awaiting them the special train that brought them to the woods. The run to Albany will be by way of the Vermont Central Raitroad, a riving in that city at an early hour on Friday morains. The President will accept the invitation of Governor Hill, and he and his party will breakfast at the Executive Mansion. After a stay of three hours, the journey to Washington will be resumed.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST YELLOW FEVER. WASHINGTON, June 7.—Acting Surgeon-General Stoner, of the Marine Hospital Service, yesterday telegraphed the president of the Board of Health at Tampa, Fla., for information as to the measures adopted at that city to prevent the spread of yellow fever. A reply was received this morning saying that passengers from the infected districts are detained in quarantine for fifteen days and their baggage disinfected. The coast counties south and their baggage disinfected. The coast counties south of Tampa have also established quarantine against Key West. In order to insure the thorough fumigation of the mails at Tampa, the employment of extra help has been authorized.

The Secretary of the Treasury to-day authorized the employment of six nurses to attend the sick in the Barracks Hospital, Key West, and four guards to protect the property of persons removed to the hospital.

HIS HOUSE BLOWN UP WITH DYNAMITE. CINCINNATI, June 7 .- A dispatch from Nicholasville, Ky., says the liquor and dwelling house of George Mason, dored, was blown up this morning by a dynamite

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

A TEXAS JUDGE KILLS HIS BROTHER.

Et. Paso, Texas, June 7.—Thomas Lamb, County Judge of Maverick County. Texas, tilled his brother, Joseph Lamb, is wealthy ranchman, yesterday on Mexican soil. The brother had quarrelled over the division of their property. Troops had to be called out to keep the Mexicans from lynching Thomas Lamb.

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DISASTROUS RAILROAD WRECK.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 7.—At the crossing of the Baltimore and Ohio and Cleveland, Columbus. Cincinnat and Indianapolis roads at Shelby last night a freight train on the former ran into a passing freight on the latter. Twenty, dive cars and engines were demolished, causing a loss of \$75,000. Engineer Lyons, of the Baltimore and Ohio, was fatally injures.

A VALUABLE WITNESS DISAPPEARS.

NEW.HAVES, Conn., June 7.—Orra Bell, with whom Taylor one of the self-confessed Einest murdorers lived, who voluntarily came to this city to testify against him, and was at the jail awaiting the trial, has left there for parts unknown.

EEATEN TO DEATH BY A LUNATIC.

WILMINGTON, Del., June 7.—David M., Pepper, a farmer, subject to fits of insanity, visited the Sussex County Almshouse yesterday and began beating an inoffensive cripple. Samuel Parker, an agod panper, interposed. Pepper turned on Parker, knecked him down and beat him till life was extinct. Pepper was then everpowered and looked up.

SUICIDE OF AN IMPRISONED MURDEKER.

CHICAGO, June 7.—A Timer dispatch from Morris, Ill, gaya: "John Conley, who last week murdered Mra. Stoddard at Raraewille and yesterday while in jail here hacked his throat with a piece of glass, died last night."

FAREWELL TO MR. C'BRIEN

HE PAYS HIS RESPECTS TO MR. MCMACKIN

PRICE THREE CENTS.

AT A BIG DINNER. HONORED BY THE IRISH SOCIETIES-SPEECERS BY

EX-MAYOR GRACE, MR. DANA AND OTHERS -ESCORTED TO THE STRAMER BY THE 69TH REGIMEMT. If William O'Brien does not carry with him rom this town pleasant recollections of his treat-

ment it will not be the foult of the men who a:d heads of the various Irish organizations, and who s big dinner which they had organized in his honor. It was meant as a brilliant wind-up to the checkered but, withal, triumphant progress of the editor of "United Ireland" throughout the Canadian Dominton and throughout a good portion of this country during the short period of six weeks, and a brilliant wind-up it certainly was. It is safe to say that a more representative body of Irish-Americans have never come together in New-York to honor any Irish leader, Parnell himself included. This was not alone on account of O'Brien's personal popularity, but also because of the way he acted in relation to the demonstration in Union Square on Saturday. This was shown in special manner by the way in which his speech was received, a speech that bristled in every line with sareasm, when referring to John McMackin, the chairman of the United Labor party, "who certainly," to quote the orator's own words, "was not on and when danger was ahead in Ireland during years past, and who it is not probable will be on hand either to give advice in the more trying danger which is still impending."

It was impossible to find room for all those who had tickets and for those who had not tickets but wished to have them there was no chance at all. Huge bunches of flowers were on the tables. irish flags and United States flags covered the walls of the dining-room so completely that nothing else but shamrocks or Stars and Stripes could be seen. A handsome floral piece in the form of a cross was presented to Mr. O'Brien when he took

a cross was presented to Mr. O'Brien when he tooks his seat. It was intertwined with shamrocks, and on it there was this inscription: "God save treland. Home Rule. From a Friend."

These are the names of some of those who were present: John P. Lynch, James A. O'Gorman, Bryan G. McSwyny, Colone! R. F. Scannell, Boston; J. P. Farrell, Lawrence J. Callanan, Michael Giblin, Joseph J. O'Donohue, Edward J. Curry, L. B. Hartford, John Mullaly, John J. Macklin, Judge Edward Browne, the Rev. J. J. Dougherty, General John Newton, the Rev. J. J. Murphy, Thaddens Moriarty, Bernard Moynahan, Thomas F. Costelloe, John J. Rogers, John H. Spellman, Hugh Kug, the Rev. J. J. Riordan, the Kev. J. H. McGean, the Rev. P. L. Connolly, Major John Byrne, Commissioner Thomas S. Brennan, E. D. Farrell, the Rev. P. F. Carr, Joseph Leavy, Assistant District-Rev. J. J. Klordan, the Kev. J. H. McLeab, the Rev. P. L. Connolly, Major John Byrne, Commissioner Thomas S. Brennan, E. D. Farrell, the Rev. P. F. Carr. Joseph Leavy, Assistant District-Attorney James Fitzgerald, "Charley" Ryam, of The Dublin Freeman's Journal; William Penny, William Lalor, the Rev. J. A. Hurley, P. S. Gilmore, Commissioner James S. Coleman and Daniel Connelly, president of the Home Rule Club. Ex-Mayor Grace presided. At his right was the guest of the evening, and immediately at his left was Dennis Killbride. Some of the others at the guest table were Eugene Kelly, Charles A. Dana, the Kev. Dr. William Lloyd ex-Governor Abbett, Colonel W. L. Brown, Bishop O'Farrell, Governor Green and Mayor Cleveland, of Jersey City. Some of those who sent letters of regret were: The Governor Governor Governor Hill, Attorney-General O'Brien, General W. I. Sherman, Mayor Hewitt, ex-Governor Hoadly, ex-Judge Noah Davis, John Fitzgeraid, of Nebraska, and Judge Van Hoesen.

The chairman delivered a brief opening speech. This is some of what he said;

It seems to me that there is no Irishwan more worthy of honor and of respect than the Editor of United Tretand, a

This is some of what he said;

It seems to me that there is no Irishman more worthy of honor and of respect than the Editor of United Ireland, a man who has done more than most other men to help along the cause of Irish nationality. His unseithelp patriction has captured the hearts even of the enemies of Ireland. He by his wonderful and persistent efforts has compelled to withdraw from public hie, and from private life as well, and to take up an abobe not in Dublin Castle but in penal cells men whose depravity was a disgrace to themselves and a shame to the whole Christian world. (Applause.) William Orice, and the likewise a man of remarkable eatnestness, whose continuity of purpose and whose unbroken efforts on behalf of a people who have established their right to be free have went the admiration of the world. [Applause.] William O'Birlen, whom I now present to you is worthy of all upplause; ill your glasses and honor this brave nam who has perhaps done more than any other man singly in behalf of the liberties of Ireland. (Applause.)

Secretary John J. Macklin read letters of regret and also

the liberties of Ireland. [Applause.]

Secretary John J. Macklin read letters of regret and also this communication from Chairman Engene Kelly, of the Irish Parliamentary Fund Association, to Mr. Parneti:

Mr. Dean Sin: Taking advantage of the return to Ireland of the Hon, William O'Biren, after his patriotic and successful mission to America, in behalf of the cause in which you and he so unselfishily take common interest. It have the honor, in compliance with instructions from the Executive Committee of the Parliamentary Fund Association of New York, to transmit to you by him, of the moneys raised and yet held by us for such emergency as may arise in the conduct of the Irish struggle, the sum of a 5,000 acrelia-

It was now Mr. O'Brien's turn to speak and when

which the said:

I have had a fair share of difficulties during this mission to America, but I assure you my principal difficulty upon this the last occasion when I shall have the pleasure of addressing an American audience for the present is to find words fervent emong to thank you for all the kinniness and warm-heared people. Upon this happy and festive occasion I am not sure that I ongth to refer all to the storm little expended which has diversified our visit to New York and during which are for the triple of the property of the pro